

Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006 as amended

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

TEROSON WX 189 BO1L M/L

TEROSON WX 189 BO1L M/L

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: Car polish

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel AG & Co. KGaA

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40589 Düsseldorf

Germany

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For Safety Data Sheet updates please visit our website https://mysds.henkel.com/index.html#/appSelection or www.henkeladhesives.com.

SDSinfo.Adhesive@henkel.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

The Henkel information service also provides an around-the-clock telephone service on phone no.+49-(0)211-797-3350 for exceptional cases.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (CLP):

The substance or mixture is not hazardous according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP).

2.2. Label elements

Label elements (CLP):

The substance or mixture is not hazardous according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP).

Supplemental information Contains: 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one May produce an allergic reaction.

Safety data sheet available on request.

2.3. Other hazards

None if used properly.

Following substances are present in a concentration \geq the concentration limit for depiction in Section 3 and fulfill the criteria for PBT/vPvB, or were identified as endocrine disruptor (ED):

This mixture does not contain any substances in a concentration \geq the concentration limit for depiction in Section 3 that are assessed to be a PBT, vPvB or ED.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

| Hazardous components CAS-No. EC Number REACH-Reg No. | Concentration | Classification | Specific Conc. Limits, M- factors and ATEs | Add. Information |
|--|------------------------------------|--|--|---------------------|
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 232-455-8 01-2119487078-27 | 10- 25 % | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | | |
| Hydrocarbons, C12-C15, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics 01-2119453414-43 | 2,5-< 10 % | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | | |
| Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03 % aromatics 1174522-45-2 01-2119826592-36 | 2,5-< 10 % | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | | |
| Hydrocarbons, C13-C15, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics 01-2119485032-45 | 2,5-< 10 % | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | | |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2634-33-5 220-120-9 01-2120761540-60 | 0,005- 0,05 % (50 ppm- 500 ppm) | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Acute Tox. 4, Oral, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Acute Tox. 2, Inhalation, H330 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 | Skin Sens. 1; H317; C >= 0,05 % ===== M acute = 1 | |

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information". Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available. Declaration of ingredients according to Detergent Regulation 648/2004/EC

> 30 % aliphatic hydrocarbons

< 5 % nonionic surfactants (ethoxylates)

contains preservation agents

Preservatives: 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, Perfume

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air, consult doctor if complaint persists.

Skin contact:

Rinse with running water and soap. Apply replenishing cream. Change all contaminated clothing. If necessary, see a dermatologist.

Eye contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of running water (for 10 minutes). Seek medical attention if necessary.

Ingestion:

Rinse mouth, drink 1-2 glasses of water, do not induce vomiting, consult a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

An allergic reaction cannot be excluded after repeated skin contact.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

All common extinguishing agents are suitable.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

High pressure waterjet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire toxic gases can be released.

nitrogen oxides

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Wear protective equipment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective equipment.

Danger of slipping on spilled product.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Remove with liquid-absorbing material (sand, peat, sawdust).

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Hygiene measures:

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work.

Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Storage at 15 to 25°C is recommended.

Keep container in a well ventilated place.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Car polish

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Valid for

Germany

| Ingredient [Regulated substance] | ppm | mg/m ³ | Value type | Short term exposure limit category / Remarks | Regulatory list |
|--|-----|-------------------|--|---|-----------------|
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | | | Short Term Exposure Classification: | Category II: substances with a resorptive effect. | TRGS 900 |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | | 5 | Exposure limit(s): | 4 If the AGW and BGW values are complied with, there should be no risk of reproductive damage (see Number 2.7). | TRGS 900 |
| Aluminium oxide 1344-28-1 | | | Short Term Exposure Classification: | Category II: substances with a resorptive effect. | TRGS 900 |
| Aluminium oxide 1344-28-1 | | 1,25 | Exposure limit(s): | If the AGW and BGW values are complied with, there should be no risk of reproductive damage (see Number 2.7). | TRGS 900 |
| Aluminium oxide 1344-28-1 | | 10 | Exposure limit(s): | 2 If the AGW and BGW values are complied with, there should be no risk of reproductive damage (see Number 2.7). | TRGS 900 |

Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC):

| Name on list | Environmental Compartment | Exposure period | Value | | | | Remarks |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----|------------------|--------|----------------------|
| | | | mg/l | ppm | mg/kg | others | |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | Air | | | | | | no hazard identified |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2634-33-5 | aqua (freshwater) | | 0,00403 mg/l | | | | |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2634-33-5 | aqua (marine water) | | 0,000403 mg/l | | | | |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2634-33-5 | aqua (intermittent releases) | | 0,0011 mg/l | | | | |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2634-33-5 | sewage treatment plant (STP) | | 1,03 mg/l | | | | |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2634-33-5 | sediment (freshwater) | | | | 0,0499 mg/kg | | |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2634-33-5 | sediment (marine water) | | | | 0,00499 mg/kg | | |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2634-33-5 | Soil | | | | 3 mg/kg | | |

Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL):

| Name on list | Application Area | Route of Exposure | Health Effect | Exposure Time | Value | Remarks |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|---|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | Workers | Inhalation | Long term exposure - systemic effects | | 160 mg/m3 | no hazard identified |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | Workers | dermal | Long term exposure - systemic effects | | 220 mg/kg | no hazard identified |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | General population | dermal | Long term exposure - systemic effects | | 93 mg/kg | no hazard identified |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | General population | Inhalation | Long term exposure - systemic effects | | 35 mg/m3 | no hazard identified |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | General population | oral | Long term exposure - systemic effects | | 40 mg/kg | no hazard identified |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2634-33-5 | Workers | inhalation | Long term exposure - systemic effects | | 6,81 mg/m3 | |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2634-33-5 | Workers | dermal | Long term exposure - systemic effects | | 0,966 mg/kg | |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2634-33-5 | General population | inhalation | Long term exposure - systemic effects | | 1,2 mg/m3 | |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2634-33-5 | General population | dermal | Long term exposure - systemic effects | | 0,345 mg/kg | |

Biological Exposure Indices:

| Ingredient [Regulated | Parameters | Biological | Sampling time | Conc. | Basis of biol. | Remark | Additional |
|-----------------------|------------|------------|-----------------------|----------|----------------|--------|-------------|
| substance] | | specimen | | | exposure index | | Information |
| Aluminium oxide | Aluminum | Urine | Sampling time: End of | 200 μg/l | DE BAT | | |
| 1344-28-1 | | | shift. | | | | |

8.2. Exposure controls:

Engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Respiratory protection:

In case of aerosol formation, we recommend wearing of appropriate respiratory protection equipment with ABEK P2 filter (EN 14387).

This recommendation should be matched to local conditions.

Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Eye protection:

Protective goggles

Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166.

Skin protection:

Wear protective equipment.

Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts.

Advices to personal protection equipment:

Use only personal protection that's CE-labelled according to Directive 89/686/EEC (Europe) or to Regulation No. 819 of 19 August 1994 (Norway), or equivalent.

The information provided on personal protective equipment is for guidance purposes only. A full risk assessment should be conducted prior to using this product to determine the appropriate personal protective equipment to suit local conditions. Personal protective equipment should conform to the relevant EN standard.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid
Delivery form liquid
Colour purple
Odor characteristic

Melting point Not applicable, Product is a liquid

Initial boiling point $> 100 \,^{\circ}\text{C} (> 212 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$

Flammability Currently under determination Explosive limits Currently under determination

Flash point $> 100 \,^{\circ}\text{C} (> 212 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$

Auto-ignition temperature Currently under determination
Decomposition temperature Currently under determination

pH 7 - 10 no method

(20 °C (68 °F))

Viscosity (kinematic) > 20,5 mm2/s ;.no method

(40 °C (104 °F);)

Viscosity, dynamic 7.000 - 12.000 mPa.s no method

()

Solubility (qualitative) Partially miscible

(20 °C (68 °F); Solvent: Water)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not applicable

Mixture

Vapour pressure Currently under determination

Density 1 g/cm3 no method

(20 °C (68 °F))

Relative vapour density: Currently under determination

Particle characteristics Not applicable
Product is a liquid

9.2. Other information

Other information not applicable for this product

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

None if used for intended purpose.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None if used for intended purpose.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None if used properly.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if used according to specifications.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General toxicological information:

An allergic reaction cannot be excluded after repeated skin contact.

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute oral toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances | Value | Value | Species | Method |
|-------------------------------|-------|----------------|---------|---|
| CAS-No. | type | | | |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | LD50 | > 5.000 mg/kg | rat | OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) |
| 8042-47-5 | | | | |
| Hydrocarbons, C12-C15, | LD50 | > 15.000 mg/kg | rat | equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral |
| n-alkanes, isoalkanes, | | | | Toxicity) |
| cyclics, < 2% aromatics | | | | |
| Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, | LD50 | > 5.000 mg/kg | rat | OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) |
| n-alkanes, isoalkanes, | | | | |
| cyclics, < 0.03 % | | | | |
| aromatics | | | | |
| 1174522-45-2 | | | | |
| Hydrocarbons, C13-C15, | LD50 | > 5.000 mg/kg | rat | equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral |
| n-alkanes, isoalkanes, | | | | Toxicity) |
| cyclics, < 2% aromatics | | | | |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- | LD50 | 490 mg/kg | rat | equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral |
| one | | | | Toxicity) |
| 2634-33-5 | | | | |

Acute dermal toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances | Value | Value | Species | Method |
|---------------------------|-------|---------------|---------|--|
| CAS-No. | type | | | |
| White mineral oil | LD50 | > 2.000 mg/kg | rabbit | OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) |
| (petroleum) | | | | |
| 8042-47-5 | | | | |
| Hydrocarbons, C12-C15, | LD50 | > 5.000 mg/kg | rabbit | equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 402 (Acute |
| n-alkanes, isoalkanes, | | | | Dermal Toxicity) |
| cyclics, < 2% aromatics | | | | |
| Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, | LD50 | > 3.160 mg/kg | rabbit | OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) |
| n-alkanes, isoalkanes, | | | | |
| cyclics, < 0.03 % | | | | |
| aromatics | | | | |
| 1174522-45-2 | | | | |
| Hydrocarbons, C13-C15, | LD50 | > 5.000 mg/kg | rabbit | equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 402 (Acute |
| n-alkanes, isoalkanes, | | | | Dermal Toxicity) |
| cyclics, < 2% aromatics | | | | |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- | LD50 | > 2.000 mg/kg | rat | OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) |
| one | | | | |
| 2634-33-5 | | | | |

Acute inhalative toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances | Value | Value | Test atmosphere | Exposure | Species | Method |
|---------------------------|-------|--------------|-----------------|----------|---------|-------------------------------|
| CAS-No. | type | | | time | | |
| White mineral oil | LC50 | > 5 mg/l | dust/mist | 4 h | rat | OECD Guideline 403 (Acute |
| (petroleum) | | | | | | Inhalation Toxicity) |
| 8042-47-5 | | | | | | - |
| Hydrocarbons, C12-C15, | LC50 | > 5,6 mg/l | dust/mist | 4 h | rat | equivalent or similar to OECD |
| n-alkanes, isoalkanes, | | | | | | Guideline 403 (Acute |
| cyclics, < 2% aromatics | | | | | | Inhalation Toxicity) |
| Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, | LC50 | > 5,266 mg/l | dust/mist | 4 h | rat | equivalent or similar to OECD |
| n-alkanes, isoalkanes, | | | | | | Guideline 403 (Acute |
| cyclics, < 0.03 % | | | | | | Inhalation Toxicity) |
| aromatics | | | | | | |
| 1174522-45-2 | | | | | | |
| Hydrocarbons, C13-C15, | LC50 | > 6,100 mg/l | vapour | 4 h | rat | equivalent or similar to OECD |
| n-alkanes, isoalkanes, | | | | | | Guideline 403 (Acute |
| cyclics, < 2% aromatics | | | | | | Inhalation Toxicity) |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- | LC50 | 0,4 mg/l | dust/mist | 4 h | rat | OECD Guideline 403 (Acute |
| one | | | | | | Inhalation Toxicity) |
| 2634-33-5 | | | | | | |

Skin corrosion/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances CAS-No. | Result | Exposure time | Species | Method |
|---|------------------------|---------------|---------|--|
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | not irritating | | rabbit | OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion) |
| Hydrocarbons, C12-C15, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | slightly irritating | 4 h | rabbit | equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion) |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one 2634-33-5 | moderately irritating | 4 h | rabbit | EPA OPP 81-5 (Acute Dermal Irritation) |

Serious eye damage/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances CAS-No. | Result | Exposure time | Species | Method |
|---|----------------|---------------|---------|---|
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | not irritating | | rabbit | OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion) |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one 2634-33-5 | corrosive | 3 h | rabbit | EPA OPP 81-4 (Acute Eye Irritation) |

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances | Result | Test type | Species | Method |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------------|---|
| CAS-No. | | | | |
| White mineral oil | not sensitising | Buehler test | guinea pig | OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation) |
| (petroleum) | | | | |
| 8042-47-5 | | | | |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- | sensitising | Guinea pig maximisation | guinea pig | OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation) |
| one | | test | | |
| 2634-33-5 | | | | |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- | sensitising | Mouse local lymphnode | mouse | OECD Guideline 429 (Skin Sensitisation: |
| one | | assay (LLNA) | | Local Lymph Node Assay) |
| 2634-33-5 | | - | | • |

Germ cell mutagenicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances CAS-No. | Result | Type of study / Route of administration | Metabolic activation / Exposure time | Species | Method |
|---|--|--|--|---------|---|
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | negative | bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) | with | | OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | negative | mammalian cell gene mutation assay | with and without | | OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test) |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one 2634-33-5 | negative | bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) | with and without | | OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one 2634-33-5 | negative | mammalian cell gene mutation assay | with and without | | OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test) |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one 2634-33-5 | positive without metabolic activation | in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test | with and without | | OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test) |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | negative | intraperitoneal | | mouse | OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test) |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one 2634-33-5 | negative | oral: gavage | | mouse | OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test) |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one 2634-33-5 | negative | oral: unspecified | | rat | OECD Guideline 486 (Unscheduled DNA Synthesis (UDS) Test with Mammalian Liver Cells in vivo) |

Carcinogenicity

No data available.

Reproductive toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances CAS-No. | Result / Value | Test type | Route of application | Species | Method |
|---|---|-----------------------------|----------------------|---------|--|
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | NOAEL P $>= 2.000 \text{ mg/kg}$ NOAEL F1 $>= 2.000 \text{ mg/kg}$ | one- generation study | dermal | rat | OECD Guideline 415 (One- Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study) |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one 2634-33-5 | NOAEL P 112 mg/kg NOAEL F1 56,6 mg/kg NOAEL F2 56,6 mg/kg | Two generation study | oral: feed | rat | EPA OPPTS 870.3800 (Reproduction and Fertility Effects) |

STOT-single exposure:

No data available.

STOT-repeated exposure:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances CAS-No. | Result / Value | Route of application | Exposure time / Frequency of treatment | Species | Method |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------|--|---------|--|
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | NOAEL >= 1.600 mg/kg | oral: feed | 90 d daily | rat | OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents) |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one 2634-33-5 | NOAEL 150 mg/kg | oral: gavage | 28 days daily | rat | OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents) |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one 2634-33-5 | NOAEL 69 mg/kg | oral: feed | 90 days daily | rat | EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity) |

Aspiration hazard:

The mixture is classified based on Viscosity data.

| Hazardous substances CAS-No. | Viscosity (kinematic) Value | Temperature | Method | Remarks |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------|
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | ca. 3,8 mm2/s | 40 °C | not specified | |
| Hydrocarbons, C12-C15, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | 2,3 mm2/s | 40 °C | calculated | |
| Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03 % aromatics 1174522-45-2 | <= 20,5 mm2/s | 40 °C | not specified | |

11.2 Information on other hazards

not applicable

SECTION 12: Ecological information

General ecological information:

Do not empty into drains, soil or bodies of water.

The biodegradability of the surfactants contained in the product is in accordance with the requirements of the EU Detergent Regulation (EC/648/2004).

The surfactants contained in the products are primary biodegradable to at least 90% on average.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity (Fish):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances CAS-No. | Value type | Value | Exposure time | Species | Method |
|--|---------------|--------------|---------------|--|--|
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | LL50 | > 100 mg/l | 96 h | Oncorhynchus mykiss | OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test) |
| Hydrocarbons, C12-C15, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | LL50 | > 1.000 mg/l | 96 h | Oncorhynchus mykiss | OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test) |
| Hydrocarbons, C12-C15, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | NOEC | 100 mg/l | 32 d | Pimephales promelas | OECD Guideline 210 (fish early lite stage toxicity test) |
| Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03 % aromatics 1174522-45-2 | LL50 | > 1.028 mg/l | 96 h | Flatfish, flounder (Scophthalmus maximus) | OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test) |
| Hydrocarbons, C13-C15, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | LL50 | > 1.000 mg/l | 96 h | Oncorhynchus mykiss | OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test) |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2634-33-5 | LC50 | 2,15 mg/l | 96 h | Oncorhynchus mykiss | OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test) |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2634-33-5 | NOEC | 0,21 mg/l | 30 d | Oncorhynchus mykiss | OECD Guideline 215 (Fish, Juvenile Growth Test) |

Toxicity (Daphnia):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances | Value | Value | Exposure time | Species | Method |
|--|-------|--------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| CAS-No. | type | | | | |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | EL50 | > 100 mg/l | 48 h | Daphnia magna | OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test) |
| Hydrocarbons, C12-C15, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | EC50 | > 100 mg/l | 48 h | Daphnia magna | OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test) |
| Hydrocarbons, C13-C15, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | EL50 | > 1.000 mg/l | 48 h | Daphnia magna | OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test) |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2634-33-5 | EC50 | 2,9 mg/l | 48 h | Daphnia magna | OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test) |

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| | Value | Value | Exposure time | Species | Method |
|-------------------------------|-------|----------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| CAS-No. | type | | | | |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | NOEL | 10 mg/l | 21 d | Daphnia magna | OECD 211 (Daphnia |
| 8042-47-5 | | | | | magna, Reproduction Test) |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | NOEC | 1,2 mg/l | 21 d | Daphnia magna | OECD 211 (Daphnia |
| 2634-33-5 | | | | | magna, Reproduction Test) |

Toxicity (Algae):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances | Value | Value | Exposure time | Species | Method |
|--|-------|--------------|---------------|---------------------------------|--|
| CAS-No. | type | | | | |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | NOELR | 100 mg/l | 72 h | Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) |
| Hydrocarbons, C12-C15, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | EL50 | > 100 mg/l | 72 h | Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) |
| Hydrocarbons, C12-C15, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | NOELR | 100 mg/l | 72 h | Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) |
| Hydrocarbons, C13-C15, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | EL50 | > 1.000 mg/l | 72 h | Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) |
| Hydrocarbons, C13-C15, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | NOELR | 1.000 mg/l | 72 h | Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2634-33-5 | EC50 | 0,1087 mg/l | 24 h | Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2634-33-5 | EC10 | 0,0264 mg/l | 24 h | Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) |

Toxicity to microorganisms

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

| Hazardous substances | Value | Value | Exposure time | Species | Method |
|---|-------|------------|---------------|-------------------------------|--|
| CAS-No. | type | | | | |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | IC50 | > 100 mg/l | 93 d | other: | other guideline: |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2634-33-5 | EC50 | 23 mg/l | | predominantly domestic sewage | OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test) |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

| Hazardous substances | Result | Test type | Degradability | Exposure | Method |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|---------------|----------|---------------------------------|
| CAS-No. | | | | time | |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | not readily biodegradable. | aerobic | 31,3 % | 28 d | OECD Guideline 301 F (Ready |
| 8042-47-5 | | | | | Biodegradability: Manometric |
| | | | | | Respirometry Test) |
| Hydrocarbons, C12-C15, n- | readily biodegradable | aerobic | 71 % | 28 d | OECD Guideline 301 F (Ready |
| alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < | | | | | Biodegradability: Manometric |
| 2% aromatics | | | | | Respirometry Test) |
| Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, n- | readily biodegradable | aerobic | 74 % | 28 d | OECD Guideline 306 |
| alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < | | | | | (Biodegradability in Seawater) |
| 0.03 % aromatics | | | | | |
| 1174522-45-2 | | | | | |
| Hydrocarbons, C13-C15, n- | readily biodegradable | aerobic | 67,6 % | 28 d | OECD Guideline 301 F (Ready |
| alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < | | | | | Biodegradability: Manometric |
| 2% aromatics | | | | | Respirometry Test) |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | not readily biodegradable. | aerobic | 42,1 % | 28 d | OECD Guideline 301 B (Ready |
| 2634-33-5 | | | | | Biodegradability: CO2 Evolution |
| | | | | | Test) |

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

| Hazardous substances | Bioconcentratio | Exposure time | Temperature | Species | Method |
|------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|
| CAS-No. | n factor (BCF) | | | | |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | 6,62 | 56 d | | not specified | other guideline: |
| 2634-33-5 | | | | | |

12.4. Mobility in soil

| Hazardous substances CAS-No. | LogPow | Temperature | Method |
|---|--------|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| White mineral oil (petroleum) 8042-47-5 | > 4 | | EU Method A.8 (Partition Coefficient) |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2634-33-5 | 0,7 | 20 °C | EU Method A.8 (Partition Coefficient) |

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

| Hazardous substances | PBT / vPvB |
|---|--|
| CAS-No. | |
| White mineral oil (petroleum) | Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very |
| 8042-47-5 | Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria. |
| Hydrocarbons, C12-C15, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, | Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very |
| cyclics, < 2% aromatics | Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria. |
| Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, | Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very |
| cyclics, < 0.03 % aromatics | Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria. |
| 1174522-45-2 | |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one | Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very |
| 2634-33-5 | Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria. |

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

not applicable

12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

In consultation with the responsible local authority, must be subjected to special treatment.

Waste code

The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you.

08 04 10 Waste adhesives and sealants other than those mentioned in 08 04 09.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

14.4. Packing group

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Ozone Depleting Substance (ODS) (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009): Not applicable Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (Regulation (EU) No 649/2012): Not applicable Persistent organic pollutants (Regulation (EU) 2019/1021): Not applicable

VOC content 0 %

(2010/75/EU)

VOC Paints and Varnishes (EU):

Regulatory Basis: Directive 2004/42/EC Product (sub)category: B(e) Special finishes

Phase I (from 1.1.2007): 840 g/l

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

National regulations/information (Germany):

WGK: WGK 1: slightly hazardous to water (Ordinance on facilities for handling

substances that are hazardous to water (AwSV)) Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1 (5.2)

Storage class according to TRGS 510: 10

SECTION 16: Other information

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text

of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

ED: Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties

EU OEL:

Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit

EU EXPLD 1:

Substance listed in Annex I, Reg (EC) No. 2019/1148

EU EXPLD 2

Substance listed in Annex II, Reg (EC) No. 2019/1148

SVHC:

Substance of very high concern (REACH Candidate List)

PBT:

Substance fulfilling persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic criteria

PBT/vPvB: Substance fulfilling persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic plus very persistent and very

bioaccumulative criteria

vPvB: Substance fulfilling very persistent and very bioaccumulative criteria

Further information:

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