

# Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006 as amended

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SDS No.: 248460 V004.0

Revision: 14.08.2023

printing date: 21.08.2023

Replaces version from: 02.03.2023

LOCTITE SF 7023 known as Loctite 7023 400ml A.Sol EPIG

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

LOCTITE SF 7023 known as Loctite 7023 400ml A.Sol EPIG

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use:

Solvent based cleaner

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel AG & Co. KGaA

Henkelstr. 67

40589 Düsseldorf

Germany

Phone: +49 211 797 0

SDSinfo.Adhesive@henkel.com

For Safety Data Sheet updates please visit our website https://mysds.henkel.com/index.html#/appSelection or www.henkel-adhesives.com.

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

The Henkel information service also provides an around-the-clock telephone service on phone no.+49-(0)211-797-3350 for exceptional cases.

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification (CLP):

Flammable aerosols Category 1

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurized container: May burst if heated.

Skin irritation Category 2

H315 Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye irritation Category 2

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Target organ: Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Target organ: respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Category 2

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment Category 3

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### Label elements (CLP):

Hazard pictogram:



**Contains** Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

> Propan-2-ol Butanone

Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement: H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurized container: May burst if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statement:** P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding

50.DEGREE.C/122.DEGREE.F.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

"\*\*\*" \*\*\*For consumer use only: P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102 Keep out of reach of children. P501 Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with national regulation.\*\*\*

**Precautionary statement:** P261 Avoid breathing vapors.

Prevention P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. **Precautionary statement:** P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Response

#### 2.3. Other hazards

The aerosol container is under pressure. Do not expose to high temperatures. None if used properly.

Following substances are present in a concentration ≥ the concentration limit for depiction in Section 3 and fulfill the criteria for PBT/vPvB, or were identified as endocrine disruptor (ED):

This mixture does not contain any substances in a concentration ≥ the concentration limit for depiction in Section 3 that are assessed to be a PBT, vPvB or ED.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.2. Mixtures

### Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Concentration	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M- factors and ATEs	Add. Information
EC Number REACH-Reg No.			ractors and ATLS	mormation
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene  905-588-0 01-2119486136-34 01-2119488216-32 01-2119539452-40	25-< 50 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Acute Tox. 4, Dermal, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Acute Tox. 4, Inhalation, H332 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
Butanone 78-93-3 201-159-0 01-2119457290-43	10- < 25 %	STOT SE 3, H336 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Flam. Liq. 2, H225		EU OEL
Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics 68920-06-9 01-2119473851-33	10- < 25 %	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	inhalation:ATE = 23,31 mg/l;vapour	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0 200-661-7 01-2119457558-25	10- < 25 %	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336		
Propane 74-98-6 200-827-9 01-2119486944-21	10- < 25 %	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas H280		
Butane, n- (< 0.1 % butadiene) 106-97-8 203-448-7 01-2119474691-32	1-< 2,5 %	Press. Gas H280 Flam. Gas 1A, H220		
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2 203-905-0 01-2119475108-36	1- < 2,5 %	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Acute Tox. 4, Oral, H302 Acute Tox. 3, Inhalation, H331	dermal:ATE = > 5.000 mg/kg oral:ATE = 1.200 mg/kg inhalation:ATE = 3 mg/l;vapour	EU OEL
Isobutane 75-28-5 200-857-2 01-2119485395-27	0,1-< 1 %	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas Liquef. Gas, H280		

If no ATE values are displayed, please refer to LD/LC50 values in Section 11. For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information".

The hazard classification of this product is based solely on the mixture present within the aerosol, excluding the propellant gases. The information provided in Section 3 is based on the combination of the mixture and propellant gases.

## Declaration of ingredients according to Detergent Regulation 648/2004/EC

> 30 % aliphatic hydrocarbons 15 - 30 % aromatic hydrocarbons

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Move to fresh air. Seek medical advice. Skin contact:

Rinse with running water and soap.

Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

Eye contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of running water (for 10 minutes), seek medical attention from a specialist.

Ingestion:

Rinse mouth, drink 1-2 glasses of water, do not induce vomiting, consult a doctor.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

SKIN: Redness, inflammation.

EYE: Irritation, conjunctivitis.

Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

RESPIRATORY: Irritation, coughing, shortness of breath, chest tightness.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

## Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam, extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide.

## Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None known

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas, travel considerable distance to source of ignition, and flash back. In the event of a fire, carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2) and nitrogen oxides (NOx) can be released.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear.

#### **Additional information:**

In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove sources of ignition.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Wear protective equipment.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

# **6.2.** Environmental precautions

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

For small spills wipe up with paper towel and place in container for disposal.

For large spills absorb onto inert absorbent material and place in sealed container for disposal.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from sources of ignition - no smoking. Vapours should be extracted to avoid inhalation. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Avoid skin and eye contact. See advice in section 8

## Hygiene measures:

Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working. Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry place.

Do not store near sources of heat or ignition, or reactive materials. Refer to Technical Data Sheet

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Solvent based cleaner

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1. Control parameters

# **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Valid for

Germany

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Butanone 78-93-3 [BUTANONE]	200	600	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV
Butanone 78-93-3 [BUTANONE]	300	900	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	Indicative	ECTLV
Butanone 78-93-3			Skin designation:	Can be absorbed through the skin.	TRGS 900
Butanone 78-93-3	200	600	Exposure limit(s):	I If the AGW and BGW values are complied with, there should be no risk of reproductive damage (see Number 2.7).	TRGS 900
Butanone 78-93-3			Short Term Exposure Classification:	Category I: substances for which the localized effect has an assigned OEL or for substances with a sensitizing effect in respiratory passages.	TRGS 900
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0			Short Term Exposure Classification:	Category II: substances with a resorptive effect.	TRGS 900
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	200	500	Exposure limit(s):	If the AGW and BGW values are complied with, there should be no risk of reproductive damage (see Number 2.7).	TRGS 900
Propane 74-98-6	1.000	1.800	Exposure limit(s):	4	TRGS 900
Propane 74-98-6			Short Term Exposure Classification:	Category II: substances with a resorptive effect.	TRGS 900
Butane 106-97-8	1.000	2.400	Exposure limit(s):	4	TRGS 900
Butane 106-97-8			Short Term Exposure Classification:	Category II: substances with a resorptive effect.	TRGS 900
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2 [2-BUTOXYETHANOL]	20	98	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2 [2-BUTOXYETHANOL]	50	246	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	Indicative	ECTLV
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2			Skin designation:	Can be absorbed through the skin.	TRGS 900
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	10	49	Exposure limit(s):	If the AGW and BGW values are complied with, there should be no risk of reproductive damage (see Number 2.7).	TRGS 900
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2			Short Term Exposure Classification:	Category I: substances for which the localized effect has an assigned OEL or for substances with a sensitizing effect in respiratory passages.	TRGS 900

# $\label{eq:predicted} \textbf{Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC):}$

Name on list	Environmental Compartment	Exposure period	Value	Value			Remarks
	•	•	mg/l	ppm	mg/kg	others	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	aqua (freshwater)		0,327 mg/l				
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	aqua (marine water)		0,327 mg/l				
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	sewage treatment plant (STP)		6,58 mg/l				
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	sediment (freshwater)				12,46 mg/kg		
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	sediment (marine water)				12,46 mg/kg		
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	soil				2,31 mg/kg		
Butanone 78-93-3	aqua (freshwater)		55,8 mg/l				
Butanone 78-93-3	aqua (marine water)		55,8 mg/l				
Butanone 78-93-3	aqua (intermittent releases)		55,8 mg/l				
Butanone 78-93-3	sewage treatment plant (STP)		709 mg/l				
Butanone 78-93-3	sediment (freshwater)				284,74 mg/kg		
Butanone 78-93-3	sediment (marine water)				284,7 mg/kg		
Butanone 78-93-3	Soil				22,5 mg/kg		
Butanone 78-93-3	oral				1000 mg/kg		
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	aqua (freshwater)		140,9 mg/l		0 0		
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	aqua (marine water)		140,9 mg/l				
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	sediment (freshwater)				552 mg/kg		
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	sediment (marine water)				552 mg/kg		
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	Soil				28 mg/kg		
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	aqua (intermittent releases)		140,9 mg/l				
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	sewage treatment plant (STP)		2251 mg/l				
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	oral				160 mg/kg		
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	aqua (freshwater)		8,8 mg/l				
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	aqua (marine water)		0,88 mg/l				
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	sewage treatment plant (STP)		463 mg/l				
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	sediment (freshwater)				34,6 mg/kg		
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	sediment (marine water)				3,46 mg/kg		
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	Soil				2,33 mg/kg		
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	oral				20 mg/kg		
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	Freshwater - intermittent		26,4 mg/l				

# **Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL):**

Name on list	Application Area	Route of Exposure	Health Effect	Exposure Time	Value	Remarks
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		221 mg/m3	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - local effects		221 mg/m3	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		212 mg/kg	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		65,3 mg/m3	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		125 mg/kg	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		12,5 mg/kg	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Workers	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects		442 mg/m3	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Workers	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local effects		442 mg/m3	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	General population	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects		260 mg/m3	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - local effects		65,3 mg/m3	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	General population	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local effects		260 mg/m3	
Butanone 78-93-3	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1161 mg/kg	
Butanone 78-93-3	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		600 mg/m3	
Butanone 78-93-3	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		412 mg/kg	
Butanone 78-93-3	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		106 mg/m3	
Butanone 78-93-3	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		31 mg/kg	
Hydrocarbons, C7-9 68920-06-9	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		2035 mg/m3	
Hydrocarbons, C7-9 68920-06-9	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		773 mg/kg	
Hydrocarbons, C7-9 68920-06-9	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		608 mg/m3	
Hydrocarbons, C7-9 68920-06-9	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		699 mg/kg	
Hydrocarbons, C7-9 68920-06-9	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		699 mg/kg	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		888 mg/kg	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		500 mg/m3	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	General population	dermal	Long term exposure -		319 mg/kg	

			systemic effects		
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects	89 mg/m3	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects	26 mg/kg	
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects	98 mg/m3	
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	Workers	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local effects	246 mg/m3	
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	Workers	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects	1091 mg/m3	
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects	59 mg/m3	
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	General population	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects	426 mg/m3	
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	General population	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local effects	147 mg/m3	
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects	6,3 mg/kg	
2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2	General population	oral	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects	26,7 mg/kg	

# **Biological Exposure Indices:**

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	Parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Conc.	Basis of biol. exposure index	 Additional Information
Butanone 78-93-3 [2-Butanone; Methylethylketone]	2-butanone	Urine	Sampling time: End of shift.	2 mg/l	DE BGW	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0 Propan-2-ol 67-63-0 [2-PROPANOL]	acetone acetone	Blood Urine	Sampling time: End of shift. Sampling time: End of shift.	25 mg/l 25 mg/l	DE BGW DE BGW	
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	Sampling time: End of shift/ End of work week.	150 mg/g	DE BGW	

## 8.2. Exposure controls:

Engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Respiratory protection:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

An approved mask or respirator fitted with an organic vapour cartridge should be worn if the product is used in a poorly ventilated area

Filter type: A (EN 14387)

Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Eve protection:

Wear protective glasses.

Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166.

Skin protection:

Suitable protective clothing

Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts.

Advices to personal protection equipment:

The information provided on personal protective equipment is for guidance purposes only. A full risk assessment should be conducted prior to using this product to determine the appropriate personal protective equipment to suit local conditions. Personal protective equipment should conform to the relevant EN standard.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Delivery form aerosol
Colour transparent
Odor characteristic
Physical state liquid

Melting point Not applicable, Product is a liquid

Solidification temperature Not available.

Initial boiling point -44,5 °C (-48.1 °F)no method / method unknown

Flammability Extremely flammable aerosol.

Explosive limits

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{lower} & 0.7 \ \%(\text{V}); \\ \text{upper} & 12 \ \%(\text{V}); \end{array}$ 

Flash point -97 °C (-142.6 °F) Auto-ignition temperature > 200 °C (> 392 °F)

Decomposition temperature Not applicable, Substance/mixture is not self-reactive, no organic

peroxide and does not decompose under foreseen conditions of use

pH Not applicable, Product is non-polar/aprotic.

Viscosity (kinematic) <= 20,5 mm2/s

 $(40 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (104 \,^{\circ}\text{F});)$  Solubility (qualitative) Not miscible or difficult to mix

(20 °C (68 °F); Solvent: Water)
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Not applicable

Mixture 3300 hPa

(20 °C (68 °F)) Vapour pressure 5700 hPa

(50 °C (122 °F))

Density 0,745 g/cm3 None

(20 °C (68 °F))
Relative vapour density:

Particle characteristics

Not available.

Not applicable

Product is a liquid

#### 9.2. Other information

Vapour pressure

### 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Aerosols:

Classified as Aerosol category 1 because it contains more

than 1 % (by mass) flammable components or has a heat of combustion of at least  $20\ kJ/g$  and is not submitted to the flammability classification procedures

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

None known

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

None if used properly.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None if used for intended purpose.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

## Acute oral toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type			
Reaction mass of	LD50	3.523 mg/kg	rat	EU Method B.1 (Acute Toxicity (Oral))
ethylbenzene and xylene				
Butanone	LD50	2.737 mg/kg	rat	not specified
78-93-3				
Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-	LD50	> 5.840 mg/kg	rat	not specified
alkanes, isoalkanes,				
cyclics				
68920-06-9				
Propan-2-ol	LD50	5.840 mg/kg	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral
67-63-0				Toxicity)
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute	1.200 mg/kg		Expert judgement
111-76-2	toxicity			
	estimate			
	(ATE)			

## Acute dermal toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type			
Butanone	LD50	> 6.400 mg/kg	rabbit	not specified
78-93-3				
Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-	LD50	> 2.800 mg/kg	rat	not specified
alkanes, isoalkanes,				
cyclics				
68920-06-9				
Propan-2-ol	LD50	12.870 mg/kg	rabbit	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
67-63-0				
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute	> 5.000 mg/kg		Expert judgement
111-76-2	toxicity			
	estimate			
	(ATE)			
2-Butoxyethanol	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
111-76-2				
2-Butoxyethanol	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
111-76-2				

## Acute inhalative toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Test atmosphere	Exposure time	Species	Method
Butanone 78-93-3	LC50	34,5 mg/l	vapour	4 h	rat	not specified
Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics 68920-06-9	LC50	> 23,3 mg/l	vapour	4 h	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)
Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics 68920-06-9	Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)	23,31 mg/l	vapour	4 h		Expert judgement
Propane 74-98-6	LC50	> 800000 ppm	gas	15 min	rat	not specified
Butane, n- (< 0.1 % butadiene) 106-97-8	LC50	274200 ppm	gas	4 h	rat	not specified
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)	3 mg/l	vapour	4 h		Expert judgement
Isobutane 75-28-5	LC50	260200 ppm	gas	4 h	mouse	not specified

## Skin corrosion/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.		time		
Reaction mass of	moderately		rabbit	not specified
ethylbenzene and xylene	irritating			
Butanone	not irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
78-93-3				
Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-	not irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
alkanes, isoalkanes,				
cyclics				
68920-06-9				
Propan-2-ol	slightly	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
67-63-0	irritating			
2-Butoxyethanol	irritating	4 h	rabbit	EU Method B.4 (Acute Toxicity: Dermal Irritation /
111-76-2				Corrosion)

# Serious eye damage/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.		time		
Reaction mass of	moderately		rabbit	not specified
ethylbenzene and xylene	irritating			
Butanone	irritating		rabbit	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye
78-93-3				Irritation / Corrosion)
Propan-2-ol	Category II		rabbit	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye
67-63-0				Irritation / Corrosion)
2-Butoxyethanol	irritating	24 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
111-76-2				

# Respiratory or skin sensitization:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result	Test type	Species	Method
CAS-No.				
Reaction mass of	not sensitising	Mouse local lymphnode	mouse	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline
ethylbenzene and xylene		assay (LLNA)		429 (Skin Sensitisation: Local Lymph
				Node Assay)
Butanone	not sensitising	Buehler test	guinea pig	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline
78-93-3				406 (Skin Sensitisation)
Propan-2-ol	not sensitising	Buehler test	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)
67-63-0				
2-Butoxyethanol	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)
111-76-2		test		

# Germ cell mutagenicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result	Type of study /	Metabolic	Species	Method
CAS-No.		Route of	activation /		
		administration	Exposure time		
Reaction mass of	negative	bacterial reverse	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD
ethylbenzene and xylene		mutation assay (e.g			Guideline 471 (Bacterial
		Ames test)			Reverse Mutation Assay)
Reaction mass of	negative	in vitro mammalian	with and without		EU Method B.10
ethylbenzene and xylene		chromosome			(Mutagenicity)
-		aberration test			
Reaction mass of	negative	sister chromatid	with and without		EU Method B.19 (Sister
ethylbenzene and xylene		exchange assay in			Chromatid Exchange Assay In
Destaurant		mammalian cells bacterial reverse	with and without		Vitro) equivalent or similar to OECD
Butanone 78-93-3	negative	mutation assay (e.g	with and without		Guideline 471 (Bacterial
78-93-3		Ames test)			Reverse Mutation Assay)
Butanone	negative	in vitro mammalian	not applicable		equivalent or similar to OECD
78-93-3	negative	chromosome	not applicable		Guideline 473 (In vitro
76-73-3		aberration test			Mammalian Chromosome
		abeliation test			Aberration Test)
Butanone	negative	mammalian cell	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD
78-93-3	negative	gene mutation assay	with the without		Guideline 476 (In vitro
70 70 0		gene mataron assay			Mammalian Cell Gene
					Mutation Test)
Propan-2-ol	negative	bacterial reverse	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD
67-63-0	negati ve	mutation assay (e.g	Williams Williams		Guideline 471 (Bacterial
		Ames test)			Reverse Mutation Assay)
Propan-2-ol	negative	mammalian cell	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD
67-63-0		gene mutation assay			Guideline 476 (In vitro
					Mammalian Cell Gene
					Mutation Test)
Propane	negative	bacterial reverse	with and without		OECD Guideline 471
74-98-6		mutation assay (e.g			(Bacterial Reverse Mutation
		Ames test)			Assay)
Propane	negative	in vitro mammalian	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro
74-98-6		chromosome			Mammalian Chromosome
		aberration test			Aberration Test)
Butane, n- (< 0.1 %	negative	bacterial reverse	with and without		OECD Guideline 471
butadiene)		mutation assay (e.g			(Bacterial Reverse Mutation
106-97-8		Ames test)			Assay)
Butane, n- (< 0.1 %	negative	in vitro mammalian	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro
butadiene)		chromosome			Mammalian Chromosome
106-97-8		aberration test			Aberration Test)
2-Butoxyethanol	negative	bacterial reverse	with and without		OECD Guideline 471
111-76-2		mutation assay (e.g			(Bacterial Reverse Mutation
		Ames test)			Assay)
2-Butoxyethanol	negative	in vitro mammalian	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro
111-76-2		chromosome			Mammalian Chromosome
2.0		aberration test	1.1 1 1.1 .		Aberration Test)
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	negative	mammalian cell	with and without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro
111-70-2		gene mutation assay			Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Isohutana	magativa	bacterial reverse	with and without		OECD Guideline 471
Isobutane 75-28-5	negative	mutation assay (e.g	with and without		(Bacterial Reverse Mutation
73-28-3		Ames test)			Assay)
Isobutane	negative	in vitro mammalian	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro
75-28-5	negative	chromosome	with and without		Mammalian Chromosome
73-28-3		aberration test			Aberration Test)
Reaction mass of	negative	intraperitoneal		rat	equivalent or similar to OECD
ethylbenzene and xylene	negative	intraperitorical		lat	Guideline 478 (Genetic
curyibenzene and xyrene					Toxicology: Rodent Dominant
					Lethal Test)
Butanone	negative	intraperitoneal		mouse	equivalent or similar to OECD
78-93-3					Guideline 474 (Mammalian
	1				Erythrocyte Micronucleus
					Test)
Propan-2-ol	negative	intraperitoneal		mouse	equivalent or similar to OECD
67-63-0	15	Imaponionoui			Guideline 474 (Mammalian
					Erythrocyte Micronucleus
					Test)
Propane	negative			Drosophila	not specified
74-98-6				melanogaster	
	•				

Propane 74-98-6	negative	inhalation: gas	rat	OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)
Butane, n- (< 0.1 % butadiene) 106-97-8	negative	inhalation: gas	rat	OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	negative	intraperitoneal	mouse	OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)
Isobutane 75-28-5	negative	oral: feed	Drosophila melanogaster	not specified
Isobutane 75-28-5	negative	inhalation: gas	rat	OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)

# Carcinogenicity

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Sex	Method
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	not carcinogenic	oral: gavage	103 w 5 d/w	rat	male/female	EU Method B.32 (Carcinogenicity Test)
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0		inhalation: vapour	104 w 6 h/d, 5 d/w	rat	male/female	OECD Guideline 451 (Carcinogenicity Studies)

# Reproductive toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Test type	Route of application	Species	Method
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	NOAEL P 500 ppm NOAEL F1 500 ppm	one- generation study	inhalation: vapour	rat	not specified
Butanone 78-93-3	NOAEL P 10.000 mg/l NOAEL F1 10.000 mg/l	two- generation study	oral: drinking water	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 416 (Two- Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	NOAEL P 853 mg/kg	One generation study	oral: drinking water	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 415 (One- Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	NOAEL P 500 mg/kg NOAEL F1 1.000 mg/kg	Two generation study	oral: gavage	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 416 (Two- Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)
Propane 74-98-6	NOAEL P 21,6 mg/l NOAEL F1 21,6 mg/l	screening	inhalation: gas	rat	OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
Butane, n- (< 0.1 % butadiene) 106-97-8	NOAEL P 21,4 mg/l NOAEL F1 21,4 mg/l	screening	inhalation: gas	rat	OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	NOAEL P 720 mg/kg NOAEL F1 720 mg/kg NOAEL F2 720 mg/kg	Two generation study	oral: drinking water	mouse	not specified
Isobutane 75-28-5	NOAEL P 21,4 mg/l NOAEL F1 21,4 mg/l	screening	inhalation: gas	rat	OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)

# STOT-single exposure:

No data available.

# STOT-repeated exposure:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Method
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	NOAEL 250 mg/kg	oral: gavage	103 w 5 d/w	rat	other guideline:
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	NOAEL 150 mg/kg	oral: gavage	90 days daily	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Butanone 78-93-3	NOAEL 2500 ppm	inhalation	90 days 6 hours/day, 5 days/week	rat	not specified
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0		inhalation: vapour	at least 104 w 6 h/d, 5 d/w	rat	OECD Guideline 451 (Carcinogenicity Studies)
Propane 74-98-6		inhalation: gas	28 d 6 h/d, 7 d/w	rat	OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
Butane, n- (< 0.1 % butadiene) 106-97-8		inhalation: gas	28 d 6 h/d	rat	OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	NOAEL 0,121 mg/l	inhalation	42 or 90 days 6 hours/day, 5 days/week	rat	not specified
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	NOAEL < 69 mg/kg	oral: drinking water	90 d continous	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Isobutane 75-28-5	NOAEL 9000 ppm	inhalation: gas	28 d 6 h/d, 7 d/w	rat	OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)

# Aspiration hazard:

The mixture is classified based on Viscosity data.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Viscosity (kinematic) Value	Temperature	Method	Remarks
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	< 0,9 mm2/s	20 °C	not specified	
Butanone 78-93-3	0,51 mm2/s	20 °C	ASTM Standard D7042	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	1,8 mm2/s	40 °C	ASTM Standard D7042	

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

not applicable

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **General ecological information:**

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

### 12.1. Toxicity

## **Toxicity (Fish):**

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene	LC50	2,6 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
and xylene					Acute Toxicity Test)
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene	NOEC	> 1,3 mg/l	56 d	Oncorhynchus mykiss	other guideline:
and xylene					
Butanone	LC50	3.220 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
78-93-3		Ü		1 1	Acute Toxicity Test)
	LL50	> 3 - 10 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics					Acute Toxicity Test)
68920-06-9					
1	LC50	> 9.640 - 10.000 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
67-63-0					Acute Toxicity Test)
Butane, n- (< 0.1 % butadiene) 106-97-8	LC50	27,98 mg/l	96 h		not specified
2-Butoxyethanol	LC50	1.474 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
111-76-2					Acute Toxicity Test)
2-Butoxyethanol	NOEC	> 100 mg/l	21 d	Brachydanio rerio (new name:	OECD Guideline 204 (Fish,
111-76-2				Danio rerio)	Prolonged Toxicity Test:
					14-day Study)

## **Toxicity (aquatic invertebrates):**

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene		> 1 mg/l	24 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Butanone 78-93-3	EC50	5.091 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics 68920-06-9	EL50	> 4,6 - 10 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Butane, n- (< 0.1 % butadiene) 106-97-8	EC50	14,22 mg/l	48 h		not specified
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	EC50	1.550 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

## Chronic toxicity (aquatic invertebrates):

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

G L G NY	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	NOEC	1,17 mg/l	7 d	Ceriodaphnia dubia	other guideline:
Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-	NOELR	1 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia

alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics 68920-06-9					magna, Reproduction Test)
Propan-2-ol	NOEC	30 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia
67-63-0					magna, Reproduction Test)
2-Butoxyethanol	NOEC	100 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia
111-76-2					magna, Reproduction Test)

## Toxicity (Algae):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type			1	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	EC50	4,36 mg/l	73 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	NOEC	0,44 mg/l	73 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Butanone 78-93-3	EC50	1.240 mg/l	96 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Butanone 78-93-3	EC10	1.010 mg/l	96 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics 68920-06-9	EL50	> 10 - 30 mg/l	72 h	Raphidocelis subcapitata (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics 68920-06-9	NOELR	10 mg/l	72 h	Raphidocelis subcapitata (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	EC50	> 1.000 mg/l	96 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new name: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	NOEC	1.000 mg/l	96 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new name: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Butane, n- (< 0.1 % butadiene) 106-97-8	EC50	7,71 mg/l	96 h		not specified
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	EC50	1.840 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	NOEC	286 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

## **Toxicity (microorganisms):**

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	NOEC	157 mg/l	3 h	activated sludge, domestic	OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge,
					Respiration Inhibition Test)
	EC50	1.150 mg/l	16 h	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412, part 8
78-93-3					(Pseudomonas
					Zellvermehrungshemm-
					Test)
Propan-2-ol	EC50	> 1.000 mg/l	3 h	activated sludge	OECD Guideline 209
67-63-0					(Activated Sludge,
					Respiration Inhibition Test)
2-Butoxyethanol	EC0	1.000 mg/l	30 min		not specified
111-76-2					

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Degradability	Exposure time	Method
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	readily biodegradable	aerobic	87,8 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 F (Ready Biodegradability: Manometric Respirometry Test)
Butanone 78-93-3	readily biodegradable	aerobic	98 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test)
Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics 68920-06-9	readily biodegradable	aerobic	98 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 F (Ready Biodegradability: Manometric Respirometry Test)
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	readily biodegradable	aerobic	70 - 84 %	30 d	EU Method C.4-E (Determination of the "Ready" BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle Test)
Propane 74-98-6	readily biodegradable	aerobic	> 60 %	28 d	OECD 301 A - F
Butane, n- (< 0.1 % butadiene) 106-97-8	readily biodegradable	aerobic	> 60 %	28 d	OECD 301 A - F
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	readily biodegradable	aerobic	73 %	30 d	EU Method C.4-E (Determination of the "Ready" BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle Test)
Isobutane 75-28-5	readily biodegradable	aerobic	71,43 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 F (Ready Biodegradability: Manometric Respirometry Test)

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Bioconcentratio n factor (BCF)	Exposure time	Temperature	Species	Method
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene	25,9	56 d		Oncorhynchus	other guideline:
and xylene				mykiss	

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	LogPow	Temperature	Method
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	3,16	20 °C	other guideline:
Butanone 78-93-3	0,3	40 °C	OECD Guideline 117 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), HPLC Method)
Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics 68920-06-9	5,65	25 °C	QSAR (Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship)
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	0,05		OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), Shake Flask Method)
Butane, n- (< 0.1 % butadiene) 106-97-8	2,31	20 °C	other (measured)
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	0,81	25 °C	OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), Shake Flask Method)
Isobutane 75-28-5	2,88	20 °C	OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), Shake Flask Method)

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	PBT / vPvB
CAS-No.	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Butanone	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
78-93-3	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
cyclics	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
68920-06-9	
Propan-2-ol	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
67-63-0	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Propane	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
74-98-6	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Butane, n- (< 0.1 % butadiene)	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
106-97-8	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
2-Butoxyethanol	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
111-76-2	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Isobutane	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
75-28-5	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

not applicable

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

### Product disposal:

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

## Disposal of uncleaned packages:

After use, tubes, cartons and bottles containing residual product should be disposed of as chemically contaminated waste in an authorised legal land fill site or incinerated.

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

#### Waste code

14 06 03 Other solvents and solvent mixtures

The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR	1950
RID	1950
ADN	1950
IMDG	1950
IATA	1950

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR	AEROSOLS
RID	AEROSOLS
ADN	AEROSOLS
IMDG	AEROSOLS
IATA	Aerosols, flammable

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR	2.1
RID	2.1
ADN	2.1
IMDG	2.1
IATA	2.1

## 14.4. Packing group

ADR RID ADN IMDG IATA

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR	not applicable
RID	not applicable
ADN	not applicable
IMDG	not applicable
IATA	not applicable

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR not applicable

Tunnelcode: (D)

RID not applicable
ADN not applicable
IMDG not applicable
IATA not applicable

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not applicable

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Ozone Depleting Substance (ODS) (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009): Not applicable Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (Regulation (EU) No 649/2012): Not applicable Persistent organic pollutants (Regulation (EU) 2019/1021): Not applicable

VOC content 100 °

(2010/75/EC)

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

### National regulations/information (Germany):

WGK: WGK 2: significantly water endangering (Ordinance on facilities for handling

substances that are hazardous to water (AwSV) ) Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1 (5.2)

Storage class according to TRGS 510: 2B

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text

of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

ED: Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties

EU OEL: Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit
EU EXPLD 1: Substance listed in Annex I, Reg (EC) No. 2019/1148
EU EXPLD 2 Substance listed in Annex II, Reg (EC) No. 2019/1148
SVHC: Substance of very high concern (REACH Candidate List)
PBT: Substance fulfilling persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic criteria

PBT/vPvB: Substance fulfilling persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic plus very persistent and very

bioaccumulative criteria

vPvB: Substance fulfilling very persistent and very bioaccumulative criteria

#### **Further information:**

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